

## DINAS A SIR ABERTAWE

### HYSBYSIAD O GYFARFOD

Fe'ch gwahoddir i gyfarfod

### PWYLLGOR TRWYDDEDU CYFFREDINOL

Lleoliad: Ystafell Bwyllgor 1, Canolfan Ddinesig, Abertawe.

Dyddiad: Dydd Gwener, 3 Mehefin 2016

Amser: 10.00 am

### AGENDA

Rhif y Dudalen.

- 1 Ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb.
- 2 Derbyn datgeliadau o fuddiannau personol a rhagfarnol.  
[www.swansea.gov.uk/disclosuresofinterests](http://www.swansea.gov.uk/disclosuresofinterests)
- 3 Deddf Llywodraeth Leol (Darpariaethau Amrywiol) 1976 - Cais i Ganiatáu Trwydded Cerbyd Hurio Preifat Cyfyngedig - Ford Galaxy (PX06 CTF) - Mr D Jones. 1 - 6
- 4 Gwahardd y cyhoedd. 7 - 10
- 5 Deddf Cyfrifoldebau Heddluoedd Tref 1847 - Deddf Llywodraeth Leol (Darpariaethau Amrywiol) 1976 - Trwydded Cerbyd Hacni a Gyrrwr Hurio Preifat - CIS. 11 - 15
- 6 Deddf Llywodraeth Leol (Darpariaethau Amrywiol) 1976 - Gyrrwr Bathodyn Deuol - OSSE. 16 - 19
- 7 Deddf Cyfrifoldebau Heddluoedd Tref 1847 - Deddf Llywodraeth Leol (Darpariaethau Amrywiol) 1976 - Trwydded Cerbyd Hacni a Gyrrwr Hurio Preifat - WMP. 20 - 25



Patrick Arran  
Pennaeth Gwasanaethau Cyfreithiol a Democrataidd  
Dydd Iau, 26 Mai 2016

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Cyswllt: Gwasanaethau Democrataidd - Ffon: (01792) 636923

**REPORT OF THE DIVISIONAL OFFICER**  
**LICENSING, FOOD & SAFETY**  
**TO THE SPECIAL GENERAL LICENSING COMMITTEE**  
**3<sup>RD</sup> JUNE 2016**

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) ACT 1976**  
**APPLICATION TO LICENCE A RESTRICTED PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLE,**  
**FORD GALAXY, REGISTRATION MARK PX06 CTF**  
**MR DAVID JONES**

1. **INTRODUCTION**

- 1.1 An application for a restricted private hire vehicle licence has been received from Mr David Jones. The vehicle does not comply with the current licensing criteria set by City & County of Swansea due to its age. Mr Jones wishes to use the restricted private hire vehicle, if licensed, for the purposes of school transport, airport travel and or executive hire only.
- 1.2 At the General Licensing Committee of 17<sup>th</sup> December 2014, Members agreed that any vehicle that does not comply with the current licensing criteria and/or is over 5 years continue to be considered by Committee. However, in future Members of the General Licensing Committee would not inspect the vehicle. The vehicle would be inspected by Licensing Officers prior to the Licensing Committee and Members would consider a written report.

2. **RELEVANT CONSIDERATIONS**

**The Vehicle**

- 2.1 Mr Jones wishes to apply for a restricted private hire vehicle licence for a Silver Ford Galaxy. The vehicle was first registered on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2006 and is therefore 10 years and 3 months old. The registration of the vehicle is PX06 CTF and is capable of carrying 6 passengers.

**The Purpose**

- 2.2 It is proposed that the vehicle will be used for School Transport, Airport Travel and or Executive Hire Only.

**Vehicle History**

- 2.3 Mr Jones purchased the vehicle from Cumbria Police Force in May 2016.

**Inspections and Documents**

- 2.4 The vehicle passed the Council's inspection at CTU on 17<sup>th</sup> May 2016 and the mileage recorded at this time was 106,163 miles.
- 2.5 Mr Jones has supplied dates of the maintenance history checks carried out together with the recorded mileage on these dates from 3<sup>rd</sup> April 2004 to 4<sup>th</sup> February 2016 and an up to date vehicle history check.
- 2.6 MOT history check for vehicle registration PX06 CTF :

<b>Date of MOT</b>	<b>RECORDED MILEAGE</b>
23/01/2013	82,043
21/01/2014	91,512
13/1/2015	98,745
25/01/2016	106,066

- 2.7 A Licensing Officer also inspected the vehicle on 17<sup>th</sup> May 2016 at the Civic Centre where the vehicle was considered to be of suitable standard for licensing as a restricted private hire vehicle.

**3. CURRENT LICENSING CRITERIA**

- 3.1 The Council's current age criteria states:

*“ Vehicles will not be accepted for licensing on the first occasion after 5 years from the date of first registration. Vehicles will be relicensed on merit.”*

- 3.2 Members are therefore being asked to consider whether the Ford Galaxy, Registration Number, PX06 CTF is suitable for licensing as a restricted private hire vehicle.

**4. RESTRICTED PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLES**

- 4.1 In 2008 the creation of the 'restricted private hire licence' came about as a result of a change in legislation that removed the 'contract exemption' contained in section 75 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.
- 4.2 The contract exemption previously permitted the use of a vehicle,

under a contract for hire of more than seven days, to operate legally without the need for the operator or the driver of the vehicle to be licensed.

- 4.3 The restricted vehicle licence has since been issued for a number of vehicles for the purposes of school contract, airport travel and executive hire. Restricted vehicle licences were introduced in response to the change in legislation to allow those vehicles that were affected by the removal of the contract exemption, to carry on their existing business and not be adversely affected. These vehicles did not comply with this Council's policy for private hire vehicles in design or age and therefore could not be licensed as such.
- 4.4 The conditions attached to restricted vehicle licences issued ensured existing businesses could be licensed and continue with their normal operations without affecting their livelihood or creating undue expense. In particular restrictions were not applied in relation to the age or colour of the vehicles to be licensed.

5. **THE DEPARTMENT FOR TRANSPORT TAXI AND PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLE LICENSING: BEST PRACTICE GUIDANCE: MARCH 2010**

- 5.1 The Department of Transport published its Best Practice Guidance in March 2010. This states:

*"It is perfectly possible for an older vehicle to be in good condition. So the setting of an age limit beyond which a local authority will not license vehicles may be arbitrary and inappropriate. But a greater frequency of testing may be appropriate for older vehicles - for example, twice-yearly tests for vehicles more than five years old."*

6. **LEGISLATION RELATING TO THE LICENSING OF PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLES**

- 6.1 The powers relating to the licensing of private hire vehicles are contained in Section 48 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 which states:

**"Licensing of private hire vehicles"**

48 (1) Subject to the provisions of this part of this Act, a district council may on the receipt of an application from the proprietor of any vehicle for the grant in respect of such vehicle of a licence to use the vehicles as a private hire vehicle, grant in respect thereof a vehicle licence:

Provided that a district council shall not grant such a licence unless they are satisfied -

- (a) that the vehicle is -
    - (i) suitable in type, size and design for use as a private hire vehicle;
    - (ii) not of such design and appearance as to lead any person to believe that the vehicle is a hackney carriage;
    - (iii) in a suitable mechanical condition;
    - (iv) safe; and
    - (v) comfortable
  - (b) that there is in force in relation to the use of the vehicle a policy of insurance or such security as complies with the requirements of Part VI of the Road Traffic Act 1988, and shall not refuse such a licence for the purpose of limiting the number of vehicles in respect of which such licences are granted by the council.
- (2) A district council may attach to the grant of a licence under this section such conditions as they may consider reasonably necessary including, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions of this sub-section, conditions requiring or prohibiting the display of signs on or from the vehicle to which the licence relates’.
- (3) In every vehicle licence granted under this section there shall be specified—
- (a) the name and address of—
    - (i) the applicant; and
    - (ii) every other person who is a proprietor of the private hire vehicle in respect of which the licence is granted, or who is concerned, either solely or in partnership with any other person, in the keeping, employing or letting on hire of the private hire vehicle;
  - (b) the number of the licence which shall correspond with the number to be painted or marked on the plate or disc to be exhibited on the private hire vehicle in accordance with subsection (6) of this section;

- (c) the conditions attached to the grant of the licence; and
  - (d) Such other particulars as the district council consider reasonably necessary.
  - (4) Every licence granted under this section shall -
    - (a) be signed by an authorised officer of the council which granted it;
    - (b) relate to not more than one private hire vehicle; and
    - (c) remain in force for such period not being longer than one year as the district council may specify in the licence.
  - (5) Where a district council grant under this section a vehicle licence in respect of a private hire vehicle they shall issue a plate or disc identifying that vehicle as a private hire vehicle in respect of which a vehicle licence has been granted.
  - (6)
    - (a) Subject to the provisions of this Part of this Act, no person shall use or permit to be used in a controlled district as a private hire vehicle in respect of which a licence has been granted under this section unless the plate or disc issued in accordance with subsection (5) of this section is exhibited on the vehicle in such manner as the district council shall prescribe by condition attached to the grant of the licence.
    - (b) If any person without reasonable excuse contravenes the provisions of this subsection he shall be guilty of an offence.
  - (7) Any person aggrieved by the refusal of a district council to grant a vehicle licence under this section, or by any conditions specified in such a licence, may appeal to a magistrates' court.
- 6.2 It is evident from section 48 above that the Council are not under a duty to issue a licence once an application has been made, they have discretion. Section 48(1)(a) and (b) also includes specific situations where a council must not grant a licence.

**7. RECOMMENDATION**

- 7.1 It is recommended that after careful consideration of the detail of this report and hearing from Mr Jones, Members determine whether to:
- a. Grant Mr Jones a restricted Private Hire Vehicle licence in respect of the Ford Galaxy, registration mark PX06 CTF and that this licence is renewed on merit. OR
  - b. Refuse Mr Jones a restricted Private Hire Vehicle licence in respect of the Ford Galaxy, registration mark PX06 CTF giving reasons why it is not considered suitable under Section 48 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.

**The Licensing Committee's instructions are requested.**

**Background Papers:** Licence Application and General Licensing Committee Report of 17<sup>th</sup> December 2014  
**Contact Officer:** Kath Thomas  
**Extension:** 5600  
**Legal Contact:** Aled Gruffydd

## Report of the Head of Legal & Democratic Services

### Special General Licensing Committee – 3 June 2016

#### EXCLUSION OF THE PUBLIC

<b>Purpose:</b>	To consider whether the Public should be excluded from the following items of business.	
<b>Policy Framework:</b>	None.	
<b>Reason for Decision:</b>	To comply with legislation.	
<b>Consultation:</b>	Legal.	
<b>Recommendation(s):</b>	It is recommended that:	
<b>1)</b>	The public be excluded from the meeting during consideration of the following item(s) of business on the grounds that it / they involve(s) the likely disclosure of exempt information as set out in the Paragraphs listed below of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) (Variation) (Wales) Order 2007 subject to the Public Interest Test (where appropriate) being applied.	
	<b>Item No.</b>	<b>Relevant Paragraphs in Schedule 12A</b>
	5, 6 & 7	12, 13 & 18
<b>Report Author:</b>	Democratic Services	
<b>Finance Officer:</b>	Not Applicable	
<b>Legal Officer:</b>	Patrick Arran – Head of Legal & Democratic Services (Monitoring Officer)	

## 1. Introduction

- 1.1 Section 100A (4) of the Local Government Act 1972 as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) (Variation) (Wales) Order 2007, allows a Principal Council to pass a resolution excluding the public from a meeting during an item of business.
- 1.2 Such a resolution is dependant on whether it is likely, in view of the nature of the business to be transacted or the nature of the proceedings that if members of the public were present during that item there would be disclosure to them of exempt information, as defined in section 100I of the Local Government Act 1972.

## 2. Exclusion of the Public / Public Interest Test

- 2.1 In order to comply with the above mentioned legislation, **Council / Cabinet / Committee** will be requested to exclude the public from the meeting during consideration of the item(s) of business identified in the recommendation(s) to the report on the grounds that it / they involve(s) the likely disclosure of



exempt information as set out in the Exclusion Paragraphs of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) (Variation) (Wales) Order 2007.

- 2.2 Information which falls within paragraphs 12 to 15, 17 and 18 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 as amended is exempt information if and so long as in all the circumstances of the case, the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information.
- 2.3 The specific Exclusion Paragraphs and the Public Interest Tests to be applied are listed in **Appendix A**.
- 2.4 Where paragraph 16 of the Schedule 12A applies there is no public interest test. Councillors are able to consider whether they wish to waive their legal privilege in the information, however, given that this may place the Council in a position of risk, it is not something that should be done as a matter of routine.

### **3. Financial Implications**

- 3.1 There are no financial implications associated with this report.

### **4. Legal Implications**

- 4.1 The legislative provisions are set out in the report.
- 4.2 Councillors must consider with regard to each item of business set out in paragraph 2 of this report the following matters:
  - 4.2.1 Whether in relation to that item of business the information is capable of being exempt information, because it falls into one of the paragraphs set out in Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 as amended and reproduced in Appendix A to this report.
  - 4.2.2 If the information does fall within one or more of paragraphs 12 to 15, 17 and 18 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 as amended, the public interest test as set out in paragraph 2.2 of this report.
  - 4.2.3 If the information falls within paragraph 16 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 in considering whether to exclude the public members are not required to apply the public interest test but must consider whether they wish to waive their privilege in relation to that item for any reason.

**Background Papers:** None

## Public Interest Test

No.	Relevant Paragraphs in Schedule 12A
<b>12</b>	<b>Information relating to a particular individual.</b>
	<p>The Proper Officer (Monitoring Officer) has determined in preparing this report that paragraph 12 should apply. His view on the public interest test was that to make this information public would disclose personal data relating to an individual in contravention of the principles of the Data Protection Act. Because of this and since there did not appear to be an overwhelming public interest in requiring the disclosure of personal data he felt that the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information. Members are asked to consider this factor when determining the public interest test, which they must decide when considering excluding the public from this part of the meeting.</p>
<b>13</b>	<b>Information which is likely to reveal the identity of an individual.</b>
	<p>The Proper Officer (Monitoring Officer) has determined in preparing this report that paragraph 13 should apply. His view on the public interest test was that the individual involved was entitled to privacy and that there was no overriding public interest which required the disclosure of the individual's identity. On that basis he felt that the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information. Members are asked to consider this factor when determining the public interest test, which they must decide when considering excluding the public from this part of the meeting.</p>
<b>14</b>	<b>Information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (including the authority holding that information).</b>
	<p>The Proper Officer (Monitoring Officer) has determined in preparing this report that paragraph 14 should apply. His view on the public interest test was that:</p> <p>a) Whilst he was mindful of the need to ensure the transparency and accountability of public authority for decisions taken by them in relation to the spending of public money, the right of a third party to the privacy of their financial / business affairs outweighed the need for that information to be made public; or</p> <p>b) Disclosure of the information would give an unfair advantage to tenderers for commercial contracts.</p> <p>This information is not affected by any other statutory provision which requires the information to be publicly registered.</p> <p>On that basis he felt that the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information. Members are asked to consider this factor when determining the public interest test, which they must decide when considering excluding the public from this part of the meeting.</p>
<b>15</b>	<b>Information relating to any consultations or negotiations, or contemplated consultations or negotiations, in connection with any labour relations matter arising between the authority or a Minister of the</b>

	<b>Crown and employees of, or office holders under, the authority.</b>
	The Proper Officer (Monitoring Officer) has determined in preparing this report that paragraph 15 should apply. His view on the public interest test was that whilst he is mindful of the need to ensure that transparency and accountability of public authority for decisions taken by them he was satisfied that in this case disclosure of the information would prejudice the discussion in relation to labour relations to the disadvantage of the authority and inhabitants of its area. On that basis he felt that the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information. Members are asked to consider this factor when determining the public interest test, which they must decide when considering excluding the public from this part of the meeting.
<b>16</b>	<b>Information in respect of which a claim to legal professional privilege could be maintained in legal proceedings.</b>
	No public interest test.
<b>17</b>	<b>Information which reveals that the authority proposes:</b> <b>(a) To give under any enactment a notice under or by virtue of which requirements are imposed on a person; or</b> <b>(b) To make an order or direction under any enactment.</b>
	The Proper Officer (Monitoring Officer) has determined in preparing this report that paragraph 17 should apply. His view on the public interest test was that the authority's statutory powers could be rendered ineffective or less effective were there to be advanced knowledge of its intention/the proper exercise of the Council's statutory power could be prejudiced by the public discussion or speculation on the matter to the detriment of the authority and the inhabitants of its area. On that basis he felt that the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information. Members are asked to consider this factor when determining the public interest test, which they must decide when considering excluding the public from this part of the meeting.
<b>18</b>	<b>Information relating to any action taken or to be taken in connection with the prevention, investigation or prosecution of crime</b>
	The Proper Officer (Monitoring Officer) has determined in preparing this report that paragraph 18 should apply. His view on the public interest test was that the authority's statutory powers could be rendered ineffective or less effective were there to be advanced knowledge of its intention/the proper exercise of the Council's statutory power could be prejudiced by public discussion or speculation on the matter to the detriment of the authority and the inhabitants of its area. On that basis he felt that the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information. Members are asked to consider this factor when determining the public interest test, which they must decide when considering excluding the public from this part of the meeting.
<b>18c</b>	The deliberations of a Standards Committee or of a sub committee of a Standards Committee established under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2000 in reaching any finding of a matter referred to it.

# Agenda Item 5

By virtue of paragraph(s) 12, 13, 18 of Schedule 12A  
of the Local Government Act 1972  
as amended by the Local Government (Access to  
Information) (Variation) (Wales) Order 2007.

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# Agenda Item 6

By virtue of paragraph(s) 12, 13, 18 of Schedule 12A  
of the Local Government Act 1972  
as amended by the Local Government (Access to  
Information) (Variation) (Wales) Order 2007.

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# Agenda Item 7

By virtue of paragraph(s) 12, 13, 18 of Schedule 12A  
of the Local Government Act 1972  
as amended by the Local Government (Access to  
Information) (Variation) (Wales) Order 2007.

Document is Restricted

By virtue of paragraph(s) 12, 13, 18 of Schedule 12A  
of the Local Government Act 1972  
as amended by the Local Government (Access to  
Information) (Variation) (Wales) Order 2007.

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